

TEMPERANCE ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

1834,

Being the second after Bissextile or Leap Year,

AND THE 58TH & 59TH OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE.

CAREFULLY CALCULATED FOR THE LATITUDE AND
MERIDIAN OF PHILADELPHIA,

BY JOSEPH CRAMER.



PHILADELPHIA:

PUBLISHED BY URIAH HUNT,

No. 19 North Third Street.

THE ANATOMY OF MAN'S BODY, *As said to be governed by the Twelve Constellations.*



TO KNOW WHERE THE SIGN IS.

First, find the day of the month, and against it the sign or place of the Moon, in the seventh column: then finding the sign here, it shows the part of the body it is said to govern. We think it proper to inform our Readers that in this enlightened age the learned put no confidence in this, or in prognostics of the weather.

Astronomical Characters Explained.

● New Moon	♀ Venus	♏ Scorpio
○ Full Moon	☿ Mercury	♐ Sagittarius
☾ First Quarter	♁ Geo. Sidus	♑ Capricornus
☾ Last Quarter	♈ Aries	♒ Aquaries
♌ Moon's as. node	♉ Taurus	♓ Pisces
☼ or ☽ Sun	♊ Gemini	♈ Conjunction
♄ Saturn	♋ Cancer	♏ Opposition
♃ Jupiter	♌ Leo	☐ Quartile
♂ Mars	♍ Virgo	✱ Sextile
	♎ Libra	

NOTES TO THE READER.

1. The calculations are made to solar or apparent time, to which add the equation, when the sun is slow ; and subtract when fast, for the mean or clock time.

2. The sun's declination is carefully fitted 'to the meridian of Philadelphia, for the noon of each day in the present year.

3. The rising, setting, or southing of a star, may be carried several days backward, by adding, or forward by subtracting 4 minutes per day.

4. As the day ends at mid-night, the rising, setting, or southing of the moon, when after that time, is found against the succeeding day.

 MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Sextagesima Sun. Feb. 3	Low Sunday,	April 14
Quinquagesima, Feb. 9	Rogation,	May 4
Ash Wednesday, Feb. 12	Ascension,	May 8
Middle Lent, March 9	Whitsunday,	May 18
Palm Sunday, March 23	Trinity,	May 25
Easter Sunday, March 30	Advent,	Nov. 23

Solar and Lunar Eclipses in the year 1834.

1st. Of the sun, the 9th day of the first month, (January,) at 7 minutes past 6 o'clock, evening, invisible

2d. Of the sun, on the 7th day of the 6th month, (June,) at 3 minutes past 5 o'clock, morning, invisible.

3d. A total eclipse of the moon, the 21st day of 6th month, (June,) visible as follows:

	H.	M.	
Beginning of the eclipse at	1	28	} morning.
Beginning of total darkness	2	33	
Middle, - -	3	18	
End of total darkness,	3	56	
End of the eclipse, -	5	1	

Duration, 3h. 33m. Duration of total darkness, 1h. 23m.

4th. Of the sun, the 30th day of the 11th month, (November,) visible as follows:

	H.	M.	
Beginning of the eclipse at	1	5	} afternoon.
Middle, - -	2	15	
End, - - -	3	21	

Digits eclipsed, 10½.

5th. A partial eclipse of the moon, the 15th day of the 12th month, (December,) visible as follows:

	H.	M.	
Beginning at - -	10	22	} evening.
Middle, - -	11	41	
End, the 16th day, at	1	17	morning.

Duration, 2h. 55m. Digits eclipsed, 8.

January, FIRST MONTH, 1834.

Moon's Phases.				Equation of Time.							
	D.	H.	M.	slow		M.		Days			
Last	☾	2	11	11	morn.	51	43	27	3	26	40
New	●	9	6	9	aft.	3	5	7	9	10	41
First	☾	17	9	41	aft.	1	5	9	13	17	25
Full	☉	25	5	11	morn.	1	5	9	13	17	25
Last	☾	31	8	13	aft.	1	5	9	13	17	25

M	W	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's decl. S.	☾ pla	Moon rises.	Moon south.	H. W. Phila.
1	4	Circumcis.	7 23	4 37	23 1	18	11 30	morn.	7 15
2	5		7 23	4 37	22 55	☾	morn.	5 53	8 5
3	6	Sir.so. 11 39	7 23	4 37	22 49	20	0 40	6 43	8 55
4	7		7 22	4 38	22 43	☾	1 52	7 33	9 45
5	E.		7 22	4 38	22 36	23	2 56	8 21	10 33
6	2	Epiphany.	7 21	4 39	22 29	☾	4 4	9 13	11 25
7	3		7 21	4 39	22 22	20	5 11	10 7	0 19
8	4	Day 9 20 l.	7 20	4 40	22 14	☾	6 11	10 59	1 11
9	5		7 20	4 40	22 6	16	7 6	11 54	2 6
10	6	Ari. so. 6 29	7 19	4 41	21 48	29	sets.	A. 46	2 58
11	7		7 18	4 42	21 38	☾	6 38	1 37	3 49
12	E	1st S.aft.Ep.	7 17	4 43	21 28	23	7 36	2 25	4 37
13	2		7 16	4 44	21 17	☾	8 37	3 10	5 22
14	3	☾ in apogee	7 15	4 45	21 6	17	9 35	3 53	6 5
15	4	☾'s lat 3 S.	7 14	4 46	20 55	29	10 31	4 33	6 45
16	5		7 14	4 46	20 43	☾	11 29	5 14	7 26
17	6	Arc.ri. 10 58	7 13	4 47	20 31	23	morn.	5 55	8 7
18	7		7 12	4 48	20 19	8	0 26	6 37	8 49
19	E	3d S.aft.Ep.	7 11	4 49	20 6	17	1 25	7 23	9 35
20	2		7 11	4 49	19 53	☾	2 27	8 11	10 23
21	3	☾'s lat 2 S.	7 10	4 50	19 39	13	3 28	9 3	11 15
22	4	night 14 20 l.	7 10	4 50	19 25	26	4 29	9 59	0 3
23	5		7 9	4 51	19 11	☾	5 29	10 58	0 51
24	6	day 9 44 l.	7 8	4 52	18 53	24	6 34	11 59	1 39
25	7		7 7	4 53	18 43	☾	rises.	morn.	2 27
26	E	☾ in per.	7 6	4 54	18 30	23	6 53	1 2	3 14
27	2		7 5	4 55	18 26	☾	8 8	2 1	4 13
28	3	☾'s lat 5 N.	7 4	4 56	18 10	23	9 21	2 56	5 8
29	4	Spic ri. 11 5	7 3	4 57	17 54	☾	10 31	3 49	6 1
30	5		7 2	4 58	17 38	22	11 40	4 39	6 51
31	6		7 1	4 59	17 21	☾	morn.	5 29	7 41

B

February, SECOND MONTH, 1834.

Moon's Phases.

	D.	H.	M.
New	8	0	0 noon.
First	16	4	40 afternoon
Full	23	3	58 afternoon

Equation of Time.

slow	s.	57	22	35	34	20	55	30
M.	1	13	5	14	9	14	13	13
Days	1	5	9	13	17	21	25	

M	W	Remarks.	Sun	Sun	Sun's	D	Moon	Moon	H. W.
D.	D.		rises	sets.	decl. S.	pla	rises.	south.	Phila.
1	7		7 05	0 17	14 20		0 49	6 19	8 31
2	E	Sexages.	6 59	5 1	17 47	†	1 57	7 10	9 22
3	2		6 58	5 2	16 29	17	3 4	8 3	10 15
4	3		6 56	5 4	16 11	29	4 7	8 56	11 8
5	4	7*s s. 1 45	6 55	5 5	15 53	3	5 3	9 49	0 1
6	5		6 54	5 6	15 35	25	5 52	10 40	0 52
7	6	Sir. so. 9 4	6 53	5 7	15 16	w	6 43	11 31	1 43
8	7		6 52	5 8	14 57	19	sets.	A. 20	2 32
9	E	Quinquag.	6 51	5 9	14 38	κ	6 28	1 5	3 17
10	2	D's lat. 4 S.	6 49	5 11	14 19	14	7 24	1 48	4 0
11	3	Shro. Tues.	6 48	5 12	14 0	25	8 19	2 30	4 42
12	4	Ash. Wed.	6 47	5 13	13 39	γ	9 20	3 11	5 23
13	5		6 46	5 14	13 19	19	10 17	3 51	6 3
14	6	Valentine	6 45	5 15	12 59	8	11 15	4 33	6 45
15	7		6 44	5 16	12 38	13	morn.	5 15	7 27
16	E	1st S. in Le.	6 42	5 18	12 18	25	0 12	6 2	8 14
17	2	D's lat. 2 S.	6 41	5 19	11 58	□	1 14	6 51	9 3
18	3		6 40	5 20	11 35	21	2 17	7 44	9 56
19	4	night 13 16	6 38	5 22	11 14	26	3 17	8 42	10 54
20	5	[long	6 37	5 23	10 52	18	4 20	9 41	11 53
21	6	7*s set 0 45	6 36	5 24	10 31	9	5 17	10 52	0 38
22	7		6 35	5 25	10 9	17	6 14	11 42	1 23
23	E	2d S. in Le.	6 33	5 27	9 47	κ	rises.	morn	2 8
24	2	D in per.	6 32	5 28	9 25	17	6 54	0 40	2 52
25	3	D's lat. 5 N.	6 31	5 29	9 3	Δ	8 9	1 31	3 43
26	4		6 29	5 31	8 41	17	9 24	2 29	4 41
27	5	day 11 4 l.	6 28	5 32	8 18	μ	10 36	3 21	5 33
28	6		6 27	5 33	7 55	17	11 46	4 12	6 24

March,

THIRD MONTH,

1834.

Moon's Phases.

	D.	H.	M.	
Last ☾	2	7	13	morn.
New ☉	10	6	15	morn.
First ☾	18	8	1	morn.
Full ☉	25	1	12	morn.
Last ☾	31	8	25	aft.

Equation of Time.

slow	s.								
☉	M.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Days		1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M	W	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's dec. so.	☾ pla	Moon rises.	Moon south.	H. W. Phila.
D	D								
1	7		6 26	5 34	7 35	†	morn	5 3	7 15
2	E	3d S. in Le.	6 24	5 36	7 13	14	0 54	5 57	8 9
3	2		6 23	5 37	6 50	27	2 1	6 52	9 4
4	3	day 11 14 l.	6 22	5 38	6 27	☾	3 0	7 45	9 57
5	4		6 20	5 40	6 3	22	3 54	8 38	10 50
6	5	7*s set 11 54	6 19	5 41	5 40	☾	4 38	9 27	11 39
7	6		6 18	5 42	5 17	16	5 28	10 17	0 29
8	7	☾'s lat. 4 S.	6 16	5 44	4 54	28	5 50	11 2	1 14
9	E	4th S. in Le.	6 15	5 45	4 30	☾	6 21	11 48	2 0
10	2	☾ in apogee	6 14	5 46	4 7	22	sets.	A. 29	2 41
11	3	☾'s lat. 5 S.	6 12	5 48	3 43	☾	7 18	1 10	3 22
12	4		6 11	5 49	3 20	16	8 11	1 50	4 2
13	5		6 10	5 50	2 56	28	9 10	2 31	4 43
14	6	7*s set 11 24	6 9	5 51	2 32	8	10 7	3 13	5 25
15	7		6 7	5 53	2 9	12	11 10	3 57	5 19
16	E	5th S. in Le.	6 6	5 54	1 45	☾	morn	4 45	6 59
17	2	☾'s lat. 1 S.	6 5	5 55	1 21	17	0 11	5 35	7 47
18	3		6 3	5 57	0 58	29	1 13	6 29	8 41
19	4		6 2	5 58	0 34	☾	2 11	7 26	9 38
20	5	day 12 2 l.	6 1	5 59	S. 10	26	3 9	8 24	10 36
21	6	☾'s lat. 3 N.	5 59	6 1	N. 13	☾	4 0	9 23	11 22
22	7		5 58	6 2	0 37	25	4 44	10 20	0 8
23	E	Palm Sun.	5 57	6 3	1 0	☾	5 22	11 16	0 54
24	2	☾ in perigee	5 55	6 5	1 24	25	rises.	morn	1 40
25	3	Sir. S. 10 59	5 54	6 6	1 48	☾	6 54	0 13	2 25
26	4		5 53	6 7	2 11	26	8 13	1 5	3 17
27	5	day 12 18 l.	5 51	6 9	2 35	☾	9 27	1 59	4 11
28	6	G. Friday	5 50	6 10	2 58	25	10 40	2 53	5 5
29	7		5 49	6 11	3 22	†	11 48	3 48	6 0
30	E	Easter Sun.	5 48	6 12	3 45	23	morn	4 43	6 55
31	2		5 46	6 14	4 8	☾	0 53	5 39	7 51

Moon's Phases.				Equation of Time.									
	D.	H.	M.										
New	●	8	11	41 aft.	☉ slow M. s.	59	47	38	33	fast. 1 21 9 48			
First	☾	16	7	17 aft.		3	2	1	0				
Full	○	23	9	34 morn.									
Last	☾	30	11	30 morn.	Days	1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M.W.	B. D.	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Sun's dec. N.	☾ pla	Moon rises.	Moon South	H.W. Phila.
1	3	☾ lat 1 S.	5 45	6 15	4 31	19	1 50	6 33	8 45
2	4	Jefferson b.	5 44	6 16	4 54	☾	2 38	7 25	9 37
3	5	[1743	5 42	6 18	5 17	14	3 19	8 14	10 26
4	6	☾'s lat. 4 S.	5 41	6 19	5 40	26	3 56	9 2	11 14
5	7		5 40	6 20	6 3	☾	4 26	9 46	11 58
6	E	☾ in apogee	5 38	6 22	6 25	19	4 53	10 28	0 40
7	2	Fom. s. 9 45	5 37	6 23	6 49	☾	5 18	11 9	1 21
8	3	7*'s s. 9 54	5 36	6 24	7 11	13	5 42	11 49	2 1
9	4	7*'s s. 9 54	5 34	6 26	7 33	25	sets	Δ. 30	2 42
10	5		5 33	6 27	7 56	8	8 3	1 12	3 24
11	6	☾'s lat. 3 S.	5 32	6 28	8 18	19	9 5	1 55	4 7
12	7		5 31	6 29	8 40	☾	10 5	2 41	4 53
13	E	2d. S. aft. E.	5 29	6 31	9 2	14	11 7	3 32	5 44
14	2		5 28	6 32	9 23	26	morn.	4 23	6 35
15	3	day 13 6 l.	5 27	6 33	9 45	☾	0 5	5 19	7 31
16	4	Spica S. 5 36	5 26	6 34	10 6	21	1 3	6 14	8 26
17	5	Sir sets 10 4	5 24	6 36	10 27	☾	1 53	7 11	9 23
18	6	☾'s lat. 4 N.	5 23	6 37	10 48	20	2 38	8 7	10 19
19	7		5 22	6 38	11 9	☾	3 19	9 2	11 14
20	E	3d S. af. East.	5 21	6 39	11 30	19	3 54	9 56	0 8
21	2	☾ in per.	5 20	6 40	11 50	☾	4 29	10 49	0 40
22	3		5 18	6 42	12 11	19	5 1	11 42	1 34
23	4	day 13 26 l.	5 17	6 43	12 30	☾	rises.	morn.	2 14
24	5		5 16	6 44	12 50	19	8 15	0 36	2 48
25	6		5 15	6 45	13 12	☾	9 28	1 31	3 43
26	7		5 14	6 46	13 30	18	10 37	2 29	4 41
27	E	4th S. af. E.	5 13	6 47	13 49	☾	11 39	3 25	5 37
28	2	B's e.s. 8 44	5 11	6 49	14 8	15	morn.	4 22	6 34
29	3	7*'s s. 8 27	5 10	6 50	14 26	27	0 33	5 17	7 29
30	4		5 9	6 51	14 45	☾	1 20	6 11	8 23

May,

FIFTH MONTH,

1834.

Moon's Phases.

	D.	H.	M.	
New	●	8	3	24 morn.
First	☾	16	2	53 morn.
Full	○	22	6	0 aft.
Last	☾	30	3	52 morn.

Equation of Time.

fast.	s.	4	31	48	56	46	28	27	2
fast.	M.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Days		1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M	W	Remarks.	Sun	Sun	Sun's	☾	Moon	Moon	H.W.
D.	D.		rises	sets.	decl. N.	pla	rises.	South	Phila.
1	5		5 8	6 52	15 2	22	1 56	6 58	8 10
2	6	Spi. S. 10 36	5 7	6 53	15 21	☿	2 29	7 44	9 56
3	7		5 6	6 54	15 39	16	2 58	8 27	10 39
4	E	☾ in apogee	5 5	6 55	15 57	28	3 23	9 9	11 21
5	2	☾'s lat. 5 S.	5 3	6 57	16 14	☿	3 48	9 49	0 1
6	3		5 2	6 58	16 31	22	4 11	10 31	0 43
7	4		5 1	6 59	16 48	8	4 33	11 10	1 22
8	5	Ascension	5 0	7 0	17 4	16	5 1	11 53	2 5
9	6		4 59	7 1	17 20	28	sets.	A. 39	2 51
10	7	Arc. S. 11 4	4 58	7 2	17 36	☿	9 0	1 28	3 40
11	E	Sun. af Ass.	4 57	7 3	17 52	23	10 2	2 20	4 32
12	2		4 56	7 4	18 7	☿	10 59	3 14	5 26
13	3	day 14 4 l.	4 56	7 4	18 22	19	11 50	4 9	6 21
14	4		4 55	7 5	18 36	☿	morn.	5 5	7 17
15	5	☾ lat. 4 N.	4 54	7 6	18 51	16	0 33	6 1	8 13
16	6	Lyra S. 3 2	4 53	7 7	19 5	☿	1 19	6 55	9 7
17	7		4 53	7 7	19 19	14	1 54	7 47	9 59
18	E	Whit-Sun.	4 52	7 8	19 32	28	2 25	8 38	10 50
19	2		4 51	7 9	19 45	☿	2 57	9 30	11 42
20	3	☾ in per.	4 50	7 10	19 58	28	3 26	10 22	0 22
21	4		4 49	7 11	20 10	☿	3 58	11 15	1 2
22	5	B'se S. 3 41	4 48	7 12	20 22	27	rises.	morn.	1 41
23	6		4 47	7 13	20 34	☿	8 16	0 11	2 23
24	7	night 9 32 l.	4 46	7 14	20 46	26	9 24	1 9	3 21
25	E	Trin. Sun.	4 46	7 14	20 56	☿	10 22	2 7	4 19
26	2		4 45	7 15	21 7	23	11 12	3 4	5 16
27	3	☾'s lat. 3 S.	4 44	7 16	21 17	☿	11 54	3 59	6 11
28	4		4 44	7 16	21 27	18	morn.	4 50	7 2
29	5	Ata. S. 3 19	4 43	7 17	21 36	☿	0 29	5 38	7 50
30	6		4 42	7 18	21 46	12	1 1	6 23	8 35
31	7	☾ in apogee	4 41	7 19	21 55	24	1 25	7 5	9 17

B. 2

June,

SIXTH MONTH,

1834.

Moon's Phases.

	D.	H.	M.	
New	●	7	4	55 morn.
First	☾	14	8	1 morn.
Full	☉	21	3	21 morn.
Last	☾	28	8	56 aft.

Equation of Time.

fast.	M.	S.						
			37	58	14	27	slow.	15
☾	2	1	1	1	1	0	27	1
Days	1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M. W.	D. D.	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's decl. N.	☾ pla	Moon rises.	Moon South	H. W. Phila.
1	E	1st S.af. Tri.	4 41	7 19	22 3	☿	1 51	7 46	9 58
2	2	☾'s lat. 4 S.	4 40	7 20	22 11	18	2 14	8 26	10 38
3	3		4 40	7 20	22 19	8	2 37	9 7	11 19
4	4	Ant. s. 11 28	4 39	7 21	22 26	12	3 3	9 49	0 1
5	5	Spi. so. 10 27	4 38	7 22	22 33	25	3 29	10 33	0 45
6	6		4 38	7 22	22 39	☿	4 3	11 21	1 33
7	7		4 38	7 22	22 49	20	sets.	A. 14	2 26
8	E	2d S. aft. Tr.	4 37	7 23	22 51	☿	8 53	1 8	3 20
9	2		4 37	7 23	22 56	16	9 49	2 4	4 16
10	3	Ata. s. 2 31	4 36	7 24	23 1	29	10 38	3 2	5 14
11	4	night 9 12 l.	4 36	7 24	23 5	☿	11 20	3 57	6 9
12	5		4 36	7 24	23 9	27	11 58	4 51	7 3
13	6	☾'s lat. 2 N.	4 36	7 24	23 13	☿	morn.	5 44	7 56
14	7		4 35	7 25	23 16	25	0 27	6 25	8 37
15	E	3rd S. af. Tr.	4 35	7 25	23 19	☿	0 48	7 24	9 36
16	2	☾ in per.	4 35	7 25	23 22	23	1 27	8 14	10 26
17	3		4 35	7 25	23 24	☿	1 58	9 5	11 17
18	4	Arc. so. 8 21	4 35	7 25	23 25	22	2 30	9 59	0 2
19	5	Day 14 50 l.	4 35	7 25	23 26	☿	3 6	10 54	0 47
20	6		4 35	7 25	23 27	20	3 47	11 52	1 32
21	7	☾ eclips. vis.	4 35	7 25	23 28	☿	rises.	morn.	2 17
22	E	4th S. aft. T.	4 35	7 25	23 28	17	9 4	0 49	3 1
23	2		4 35	7 25	23 27	☿	9 49	1 46	3 58
24	3	Day 14 50 l.	4 35	7 25	23 26	13	10 27	2 40	4 52
25	4		4 35	7 25	23 25	26	11 1	3 30	5 42
26	5	Lyra s. 0 13	4 35	7 25	23 24	☿	11 28	4 18	6 30
27	6	night 9 10 l.	4 35	7 25	23 22	20	11 52	5 0	7 12
28	7		4 35	7 25	23 20	☿	morn.	5 41	7 53
29	E	☾ in apogee	4 35	7 25	23 17	14	0 16	6 22	8 34
30	2	Fom. s. 8 14	4 36	7 24	23 13	26	0 39	7 1	9 13

July,

SEVENTH MONTH.

1834.

Moon's Phases.

	D.	H.	M.
New	○	6	4 12 aft.
First	☾	13	0 14 aft.
Full	●	20	2 15 aft.
Last	☾	28	2 6 aft.

Equation of Time.

slow	s.	19	4	44	16	41	58	6	4
⊙	M.	3	4	4	5	5	5	6	6
Days		1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M	W	Remarks.	Sun	Sun	Sun's	☾	Moon	Moon	H. W.
D.	D.		rises	sets.	decl. N.	pla	rises	South	Phila.
1	3		4 36	7 24	23 8	8	1 5	7 44	9 56
2	4	<i>Don't drink</i>	4 36	7 24	23 4	20	1 31	8 27	10 39
3	5		4 37	7 23	23 0	Π	1 58	9 14	11 26
4	6	<i>Independ.</i>	4 37	7 23	22 54	15	2 30	10 3	0 15
5	7		4 37	7 23	22 49	28	3 18	10 57	1 9
6	E	6th S.af.Tri.	4 38	7 22	22 43	26	4 9	11 54	2 6
7	2		4 38	7 22	22 36	25	sets.	A. 52	3 4
8	3	<i>too much</i>	4 38	7 22	22 31	2	9 12	1 50	4 2
9	4		4 39	7 21	22 24	23	9 57	2 46	4 58
10	5	<i>cold</i>	4 40	7 20	22 16	22	10 32	3 40	5 52
11	6	☾ in per.	4 40	7 20	22 9	22	11 4	4 32	6 44
12	7	Spi. s. 11 12	4 41	7 19	22 1	21	11 30	5 22	7 34
13	E	7th S.af.Tri.	4 41	7 19	21 52	20	morn.	6 11	8 23
14	2		4 42	7 18	21 43	19	0 0	7 1	9 13
15	3	Reg. s. 8 55	4 43	7 17	21 34	18	0 30	7 53	10 5
16	4		4 43	7 17	21 25	17	1 5	8 46	10 58
17	5	<i>water.</i>	4 44	7 16	21 15	16	1 42	9 42	11 51
18	6	Day 14 30 l.	4 45	7 15	21 4	15	2 30	10 38	0 36
19	7		4 45	7 15	20 54	13	3 21	11 35	1 18
20	E	8th S.af.Tri	4 46	7 14	20 43	26	rises.	morn.	2 0
21	2		4 47	7 13	20 31	25	8 26	0 30	2 42
22	3		4 48	7 12	20 20	22	8 59	1 22	3 34
23	4	☾ enters 2	4 48	7 12	20 7	21	9 22	2 10	4 23
24	5	☾'s lat. 5 S.	4 49	7 11	19 55	16	9 55	2 47	4 59
25	6		4 50	7 10	19 42	28	10 19	3 37	5 49
26	7	☾ in apogee	4 51	7 9	19 29	29	10 42	4 18	6 30
27	E	9th S.af.Tri.	4 52	7 8	19 16	22	11 7	4 58	7 10
28	2		4 53	7 7	19 2	18	11 29	5 39	7 51
29	3	☾'s lat. 3 N.	4 54	7 6	18 48	16	11 59	6 21	8 33
30	4		4 55	7 5	18 34	28	morn.	7 7	9 19
31	5	day 14 8 l.	4 56	7 4	18 19	Π	0 33	7 54	10 6

August, EIGHTH MONTH, 1834.

Moon's Phases.				Equation of Time.									
		D.	H.	M.	slow								
New	●	5	1	34 morn.			57	40	2	35	49	54	53
First	☾	11	5	12 aft.	M.		5	5	5	4	3	2	1
Full	○	19	3	10 morn.			5	5	5	4	3	2	1
Last	☾	27	6	45 morn.	Days		1	5	9	13	17	21	25
							1	5	9	13	17	21	25
M	W	Remarks.		Sun	Sun	Sun's	☾	Moon	Moon	H.W.			
D.	D.			rises	sets	decl. N.	pla	rises.	South				
1	6			4 57	7 3	18 4	23	1 13	8 45	10	57		
2	7			4 57	7 3	17 49	♊	1 54	9 40	11	52		
3	E	10th S.af.Tr.		4 58	7 2	17 34	20	2 52	10 38	0	50		
4	2	Sir. ri. 4 35		4 59	7 1	17 18	♋	3 58	11 37	1	49		
5	3	At.so. 10 40		5 0	7 0	17 4	18	sets.	A. 25	2	37		
6	4	night 10 2 l.		5 16	59	16 45	♌	8 33	1 31	3	43		
7	5	☾ in per.		5 36	57	16 29	17	9 6	2 25	4	37		
8	6	☾'s lat 5 N.		5 46	56	16 12	♍	9 33	3 17	5	29		
9	7	7*s ri. 10 55		5 56	55	15 55	17	10 3	4 8	6	20		
10	E	11th S.af.Tr.		5 6	54	15 35	♎	10 31	4 57	7	9		
11	2			5 7	53	15 19	15	11 7	5 50	8	2		
12	3			5 8	52	15 2	29	11 43	6 42	8	54		
13	4	night 10 18		5 9	51	14 43	♏	morn.	7 37	9	49		
14	5			5 10	50	14 25	26	0 26	8 32	10	44		
15	6	Spi. s. 9 3		5 11	49	14 6	♐	1 15	9 28	11	40		
16	7			5 12	48	13 48	22	2 10	10 23	0	19		
17	E	12th S.af.Tr.		5 14	46	13 29	♑	3 11	11 15	0	59		
18	2			5 15	45	13 9	18	rises.	morn.	1	39		
19	3	Ly. so. 8 36		5 16	44	12 50	♒	7 30	0 4	2	16		
20	4			5 17	43	12 10	13	7 57	0 50	3	2		
21	5	day 13 24 l.		5 18	42	11 50	25	8 21	1 32	3	44		
22	6			5 19	41	11 30	♓	8 45	2 14	4	26		
23	7	☾ in apogee		5 21	39	11 10	19	9 9	2 55	5	7		
24	E	13th S.af.Tr.		5 22	38	10 49	8	9 33	3 35	4	47		
25	2			5 23	37	10 28	12	9 57	4 16	6	28		
26	3			5 24	36	10 7	24	10 27	4 59	7	11		
27	4	Arct. sets		5 25	35	9 46	♈	11 5	5 44	7	56		
28	5	[10 20		5 27	33	9 25	19	11 44	6 34	8	46		
29	6	night 10 56		5 28	32	9 3	♉	morn.	7 26	9	38		
30	7	[long		5 29	31	8 58	14	0 35	8 21	10	3		
31	E	14th S.af.T.		5 30	30	8 42	28	1 34	9 19	11	31		

September, NINTH MONTH, 1834.

Moon's Phases.

D. H. M.

New ● 3 9 50 morning
First ☾ 10 0 25 morning
Full ○ 17 6 17 afternoon
Last ☾ 25 10 5 afternoon

Equation of Time.

fast.	s.	8	24	45	8	32	56	19	39
☉	M.	0	1	2	4	5	6	8	9
Days		1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M. W.	D. D.	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's dec. N.	☾ pla	Moon rises.	Moon South	H. W. Phila.
1	2		5 32	6 28	8 20	♏	2 41	10 17	0 29
2	3	night 11 6 l.	5 33	6 27	7 58	26	3 56	11 15	1 27
3	4	7* s ri. 9 24	5 34	6 26	7 56	♏	sets.	A. 11	2 23
4	5	☾ in per.	5 36	6 24	7 15	26	7 31	1 5	3 17
5	6	Ata. so. 8 45	5 37	6 23	6 52	♏	8 2	1 58	4 10
6	7		5 38	6 22	6 29	26	8 36	2 52	5 4
7	E	15th S. af. Tr.	5 39	6 21	6 7	♏	9 7	3 43	5 55
8	2		5 41	6 19	6 0	26	9 43	4 37	6 49
9	3	nt. 11 24 l.	5 42	6 18	5 22	♏	10 25	5 32	7 44
10	4		5 43	6 17	4 58	23	11 12	6 28	8 40
11	5	7* rise 8 50	5 45	6 15	4 36	♏	morn.	7 24	9 36
12	6	B e. ri. 10 0	5 46	6 14	4 14	19	0 7	8 29	10 41
13	7		5 47	6 13	3 50	♏	1 16	9 12	11 18
14	E	16th S. af. Tr.	5 48	6 12	3 27	15	2 8	10 0	11 55
15	2		5 50	6 10	3 4	27	3 4	10 48	0 32
16	3	day 12 18 l.	5 51	6 9	2 41	♏	4 6	11 30	1 9
17	4	☾ lat. 5 S.	5 52	6 8	2 18	21	rises.	morn.	1 46
18	5	Bs' ri. 9 48	5 54	6 6	1 55	♏	6 50	0 12	2 24
19	6	☾ in ap.	5 55	6 5	1 31	15	7 11	0 55	3 7
20	7		5 56	6 4	1 8	27	7 34	1 33	3 45
21	E	17th S. af. Tr.	5 57	6 3	0 45	8	7 59	2 14	4 26
22	2		5 59	6 1	0 21	21	8 28	2 56	5 8
23	3	☾'s lat 1 so.	6 0	6 0	N. 2	♏	9 3	3 39	5 51
24	4		6 1	5 59	S. 25	15	9 38	4 27	6 39
25	5	Aret so. 9 24	6 3	5 57	0 49	27	10 24	5 17	7 29
26	6		6 4	5 56	1 12	♏	11 19	6 10	8 22
27	7	nt. 12 10 l.	6 5	5 55	1 36	23	morn.	7 5	9 17
28	E	18th S. af. Tr.	6 7	5 53	1 59	♏	0 21	8 2	10 14
29	2		6 8	5 52	2 22	20	1 30	8 58	11 10
30	3	☾'s lat 5 n.	6 9	5 51	2 46	♏	2 42	9 54	0 6

Moon's Phases.				Equation of Time.									
	D.	H.	M.	fast.	s.	17	31	38	39	32	15	47	7
New	2	6	1 afternoon	☉	M	10	11	12	13	14	15	15	16
First	9	11	0 morning			10	11	12	13	14	15	15	16
Full	17	11	25 afternoon	☾	Days	1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29
Last	25	11	27 morning			1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M	W	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's decl.	S. pla	Moon rises.	Moon South	H.W. Phila.
1	4		6 11	5 49	3 9	20	3 57	10 49	1 1
2	5	☽ in per.	6 12	5 48	3 32	21	5 11	11 43	1 55
3	6	night 12 26	6 13	5 47	3 56	20	sets.	A. 36	2 48
4	7	[long	6 15	5 45	4 19	m	7 3	1 30	3 42
5	E	19th S. af. Tr.	6 16	5 44	4 42	20	7 39	2 25	4 37
6	2		6 17	5 43	5 5	1	8 18	3 22	5 34
7	3	Reg. ri. 2 21	6 18	5 42	5 29	19	9 5	4 20	6 32
8	4		6 20	5 40	5 52	13	9 58	5 17	7 29
9	5	☽'s lat. 5 S.	6 21	5 39	6 14	16	10 55	6 14	8 26
10	6		6 22	5 38	6 37	29	11 57	7 8	9 24
11	7		6 24	5 36	6 59	☾	morn.	7 59	10 11
12	E	20th S. af. Tr.	6 25	5 35	7 22	24	1 1	8 45	10 57
13	2		6 26	5 34	7 45	18	2 2	9 29	11 41
14	3	7*s so. 2 22	6 28	5 32	8 8	18	3 2	10 11	0 22
15	4	☽'s lat. 5 S.	6 29	5 31	8 30	29	4 1	10 52	1 3
16	5	☽ in apogee	6 30	5 30	8 52	☿	4 59	11 32	1 44
17	6		6 31	5 29	9 14	24	rises.	morn.	2 00
18	7	night 13 21	6 32	5 28	9 36	8	6 3	0 13	2 25
19	E	21st S. af. Tr.	6 33	5 27	9 58	19	6 31	0 54	3 6
20	2		6 34	5 26	10 20	11	7 0	1 37	3 49
21	3	B's.e. s. 2 48	6 35	5 25	10 41	12	7 37	2 24	4 36
22	4	day 10 48 l.	6 36	5 24	11 2	24	8 19	3 12	5 24
23	5		6 38	5 22	11 24	☿	9 10	4 4	6 16
24	6	☽'s lat. 2 N.	6 39	5 21	11 45	19	10 6	4 58	7 10
25	7		6 40	5 20	12 5	☿	11 11	5 52	8 4
26	E	22d S. af. Tr.	6 41	5 19	12 26	45	morn.	6 47	8 59
27	2		6 43	5 17	12 47	29	0 22	7 41	9 53
28	3	Reg. ri. 1 4	6 44	5 16	13 7	☿	1 32	8 34	10 46
29	4	☽'s lat. 5 N	6 45	5 15	13 26	28	2 46	9 27	12 39
30	5		6 46	5 14	13 46	21	4 2	10 19	0 21
31	6	☽ in per.	6 47	5 13	14 6	28	5 19	11 12	1 24

November, ELEVENTH MONTH, 1834.

Moon's Phases.

D. H. M.

New	1	3	6 morning
First	8	1	28 morning
Full	16	5	46 morning
Last	23	10	35 afternoon
New	30	1	46 afternoon

Equation of Time.

fast.	s.	15	13	0	31	50	55	47	27
☉ M.		16	16	16	15	14	13	12	11
Days		1	5	9	13	17	21	25	29

M	W	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's decl. S.	☾ pla	Moon sets.	Moon south	H. W. Phila.
1	7		6 49	5 11	14 25	☾	sets.	A. 7	2 19
2	E	23d S. af. T.	6 50	5 10	14 45	29	6 6	1 4	3 16
3	2	Sir. ri. 10 50	6 52	5 8	15 4	↑	6 53	2 4	4 16
4	3		6 53	5 7	15 22	28	7 46	3 4	5 16
5	4	7*'s so. 0 56	6 55	5 5	15 41	☾	8 44	4 4	6 16
6	5		6 56	5 4	15 59	25	9 46	5 1	7 13
7	6	day 10 6 l.	6 57	5 3	16 17	☾	10 49	5 54	8 6
8	7		6 58	5 2	16 34	21	11 53	6 42	8 54
9	E	24th S. af. T.	6 59	5 1	16 52	☾	morn	7 28	9 10
10	2		7 05	0 17	9 15	0 55	8 11	10 23	
11	3	Lyra s. 0 14	7 14	59 17	26 27	1 55	8 51	11 3	
12	4		7 24	58 17	42 7	2 52	9 32	11 44	
13	5	☾ in apogee	7 34	57 17	58 21	3 50	10 12	0 18	
14	6		7 44	56 18	14 8	4 48	10 53	0 52	
15	7		7 54	55 18	30 15	5 47	11 35	1 26	
16	E	25th S. af. T.	7 64	54 18	44 27	rises.	morn.	2 0	
17	2		7 74	53 18	59 11	5 37	0 21	2 33	
18	3		7 84	52 19	14 21	6 19	1 9	3 21	
19	4	night 14 18	7 94	51 19	28 15	7 8	2 1	4 13	
20	5	[long.	7 104	50 19	42 16	8 2	2 54	5 6	
21	6	Sir. so. 2 53	7 114	49 19	56 29	9 3	3 48	6 0	
22	7		7 124	48 19	0 9	10 9	4 42	6 54	
23	E	Advent S.	7 124	48 20	21 25	11 18	5 35	7 47	
24	2		7 134	47 20	34 22	☾	morn.	6 27	8 39
25	3		7 144	46 20	45 23	0 30	7 18	9 30	
26	4	7* so. 11 26	7 154	45 20	56 22	1 39	8 8	10 20	
27	5		7 164	44 21	9 22	2 51	8 58	11 10	
28	6	☾ in per.	7 164	44 21	19 22	4 4	9 50	0 2	
29	7	Reg. ri. 11 0	7 174	43 21	30 22	5 25	10 45	0 57	
30	E	☉ eclip. vis.	7 184	42 21	40 1	6 43	11 43	1 55	

December, TWELFTH MONTH, 1834.

Moon's Phases.					Equation of Time.							
	D.	H.	M.		fast.	s.						
First ☽	7	7	41	afternoon	☾	10	43	8	23	32	36	39
Full ☉	15	11	54	afternoon	☾	10	9	7	5	3	1	slow
Last ☾	23	7	48	morning	☾	10	9	7	5	3	1	slow
New ☉	30	2	11	morning	☾	10	9	7	5	3	1	slow
					Days							
M. W.	D. D.	Remarks.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Sun's decl. S.	☽ pla	Moon sets.	Moon South	H. W. Phila.			
1	2		7 18	4 42	21 49	22	5 27	A 43	2 55			
2	3		7 19	4 41	21 58	☾	6 24	1 44	3 56			
3	4	Sir. r. 8 58	7 20	4 40	22 7	20	7 28	2 45	4 57			
4	5		7 20	4 40	22 15	☾	8 31	3 42	5 54			
5	6	Arct. ri. 2 7	7 21	4 39	22 23	16	9 38	4 35	6 47			
6	7		7 21	4 39	22 31	29	10 41	5 23	7 35			
7	8	E 3d S. in Ad.	7 22	4 38	22 38	☾	11 42	6 7	8 19			
8	2		7 22	4 38	22 44	24	morn.	6 49	9 1			
9	3	B's e.s. 11 17	7 23	4 37	22 59	☾	0 41	7 29	9 41			
10	4	☽ in ap.	7 23	4 37	22 58	18	1 40	8 9	10 21			
11	5		7 24	4 36	23 1	29	2 38	8 50	11 2			
12	6	night 14 48	7 24	4 36	23 6	8	3 35	9 32	11 44			
13	7		7 24	4 36	23 10	23	4 37	10 17	0 20			
14	8	E 4th S. in Ad.	7 24	4 36	23 14	☾	5 34	11 4	1 2			
15	2	☽ eclips. vis.	7 25	4 35	23 17	18	6 40	11 55	1 42			
16	3		7 25	4 35	23 20	29	rises.	morn.	2 20			
17	4		7 25	4 35	23 23	25	5 53	0 48	3 0			
18	5	7*'s so. 10 0	7 25	4 35	23 24	26	6 54	1 43	3 55			
19	6		7 25	4 35	23 26	☾	8 2	2 38	4 50			
20	7		7 25	4 35	23 27	22	9 10	3 32	5 44			
21	8	E ☉ enters ♊	7 25	4 35	23 27	☾	10 19	4 24	6 36			
22	2	shortest day	7 25	4 35	23 28	19	11 29	5 14	7 26			
23	3		7 25	4 35	23 27	☾	morn.	6 3	8 15			
24	4		7 25	4 35	23 27	17	0 40	6 52	9 4			
25	5	Christmas	7 25	4 35	23 26	☾	1 49	7 42	9 54			
26	6	☽ in per.	7 25	4 35	23 24	16	3 3	8 33	10 45			
27	7		7 25	4 35	23 22	☾	4 16	9 27	11 39			
28	8	E 7*'s so. 9 4	7 25	4 35	23 19	15	5 28	10 24	0 36			
29	2		7 25	4 35	23 16	29	6 40	11 24	1 36			
30	3	Sir. so. 11 58	7 24	4 36	23 12	☾	sets.	A 26	2 38			
31	4		7 24	4 36	23 8	27	6 13	1 25	3 37			

FOR THE TEMPERANCE ALMANACK.

It is universally admitted that intemperance is a great evil, that a remedy is needed, and that the best remedy is TOTAL ABSTINENCE.

To all lovers of *strong drink*, and advocates of *Wine*, we recommend the consideration of the following quotations from THE WORD OF GOD. Prov. xxxi. 4. It is not for kings, O Lemuel, it is not for kings to drink wine, nor for princes strong drink; lest they drink and forget, and pervert the judgment of any of the afflicted.—Lev. x. 9. Do not drink wine nor strong drink, lest ye die; it shall be a statute forever throughout your generations.—Prov. xx. 1. Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging; and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise.—Then *abstinence* must be the part of wisdom; in that there is no deception.

Isa. v. 11. Woe unto them that rise up early in the morning, that they may follow strong drink; that continue until night, till wine inflame them. V. 22. Woe unto them that are mighty to drink wine, and men of strength to mingle strong drink.

Eph. v. 18. And be not drunk with wine. And again Paul commands the Corinthians not to keep company or eat with a drunkard. 1 Cor. v. 11.

Solomon says, Look not upon the wine when it is red; at the last it biteth like a serpent, and stingeth like an adder. Who hath woe? who hath sorrow? who hath contentions? who hath babbling? who hath wounds without cause? who hath redness of eyes? They that tarry long at the wine, they that go to seek mixed wine. Prov. xxiii. 29, 30.

In Deuteronomy xxi. 20, it is said of one, He is a glutton and a drunkard; and all the men of his city shall stone him with stones, that he die.—What a scene would this place exhibit, were such a law now put in force?

Prov. xxiii. 21. The glutton and the drunkard shall come to poverty.—To the truth of this, our crowded alms-houses abundantly testify.

Hear again the law of Moses, in Deut. xxix. 19, where it is said, If any one add drunkenness to thirst,

all the curses that are written in this book shall lie upon him, and the LORD shall blot out his name from under heaven.

Luke xxi. 34. Take heed to yourselves, lest at any time your hearts be overcharged with surfeiting and drunkenness.

Hab. ii. 5. Because he transgresseth by wine, he is a proud man, neither keepeth at home, who enlargeth his desire as hell, and is as death, and cannot be satisfied.—Ver. 15. Woe unto him that giveth his neighbour drink, that putteth thy bottle to him, and maketh him drunken also.

Rev. xiii. 13. Walk honestly, not in rioting and drunkenness.—Hosea v. 11. Whoredom and wine, and new wine, take away the heart.—

The last that we shall give is the awful warning of St. Paul, (1 Cor. vi. 10, and Gal. v. 21,) NO DRUNKARD SHALL INHERIT THE KINGDOM OF GOD.

It would be natural to presume that the foregoing selections were abundantly sufficient to satisfy any *drinker* of the enormity of his crime; and his danger of eternal destruction, unless he at once reform, and dash forever from him the deadly poison.

Anniversary Meeting of the American Temperance Society.

The following extract from the 6th Report of the Society, conveys cheering intelligence to every benevolent and patriotic mind.

“A million have united in Temperance Societies, and pledged themselves not to use it, or to furnish it, and in all suitable ways, to discountenance the use of it throughout the community. The number of Societies in the United States exceeds five thousand, and more than twenty of them are State Societies, at the head of which, in many cases, are the first men in the community. More than two thousand men have ceased to make it, and more than six thousand have ceased to sell it. More than seven thousand vessels now float on the ocean that do not carry it; and though they visit every clime, and at all seasons of the year make the

longest and most difficult voyages, and not unfrequently circumnavigate the globe, the men are uniformly better in all respects than when they used it. Seventy-five out of ninety-seven vessels from New Bedford, sail without it. It has become common, and so great is the means of safety to the property in such cases, that insurance companies find it for their interest to insure those vessels that carry no ardent spirits, at a less premium than others.

Proportion of Alcohol in fermented Liquors.

It must be now generally known, that the intoxicating principle in wine and other fermented liquors, is alcohol. The proportion of this destructive principle entering into the composition of these liquors, has been ascertained with great nicety, by Mr. Brande. The entire list would be too long for insertion here: but it is believed that the following will answer for all practical purposes. The highest on the list is Lissa wine, which, on an average, contains 25.41 per cent. of alcohol.

	Alcohol per cent.		Alcohol per cent.
Port, (average of different specimens)	- - 22.96	Gooseberry wine,	- - 11.84
Madeira, (average)	- - 22.27	Orange wine,	- - 11.26
Sherry, (average)	- - 19.17	Elder wine,	- - 8.79
Teneriffe, - - -	- - 19.79	Cider, (average)	- - 7.54
Lisbon, - - -	- - 18.94	Perry,	- - 7.26
Claret, (average)	- - 15.10	Mead,	- - 7.32
Burgundy, (average)	- - 14.57	Burton ale,	- - 8.88
Hock, (average) - -	- - 12.48	Edinburgh ale,	- - 6.20
Champaigne, (average)	12.61	Brown Stout,	- - 6.80
Tokay, - - -	- - 9.88	London Porter,	- - 4.20
Currant wine, - - -	- - 20.55	Small Beer,	- - 1.28

We can estimate the intoxicating power of the above drinks, relatively to that of ardent spirits, by remembering, that the latter contains on an average 53.37 per cent. or more than one half of alcohol.—*Penn. Ad.*

From the Canadian Courant.

I have examined the calculations that have been made in relation to the lives that have been sacrificed, and the enormous expenditure occasioned by this vice, and I see not but they are correct. They are too great

almost to be credited, and yet too accurate to be set aside.

It is said that 30,500 lives are destroyed annually by this terrible evil, and that 400,000 more are endangered by it: that our country pays at the rate of one hundred and twenty millions of dollars per annum by intemperance. This sum is five times as large as the revenue of the United States Government—it would pay off our national debt in six months—it would build 12 such canals as the Grand Erie and Hudson Canal, every year—it would support a navy four times as large as that of Great Britain—it is sixty times as much as the aggregate income of all the principal religious charitable societies in Europe and America, would supply every family on the earth with a bible in eight months—it would support a missionary teacher among every two thousand souls on the globe!

It has recently been ascertained by one of the members of the British Parliament, from the treasury itself, that the revenue collected during the last eight years in Great Britain on these poisonous beverages, which are principally paid by the classes commonly denominated poor, amounted to more than \$500,000,000. In 1828 it was more than 72,000,000 dollars. To those duties must be added the *cost* of the poisonous article.

Can we wonder at the distress, which we are told, prevails among the operatives and mechanics in that country?

There is no reason to suppose, that the inhabitants of Lower Canada, are more temperate, than the people of the neighboring state. Supposing death to occur here by intemperance in the same proportion, and estimating the population of the United States, at ten millions and Lower Canada at half a million of inhabitants, there will be fifteen hundred, who annually die in this province of intemperance!! And can men be sleeping over such facts; and fifteen hundred fellow immortals annually sinking into the grave from this single vice—annually plunging into perdition? Did some foreign power annually sweep the country, and

bury fifteen hundred fellow subjects, into hopeless slavery, the whole country would rise to meet the invader, and inch by inch dispute his landing on our shores, or did some deadly disease, lay a tribute of fifteen hundred of our fellow subjects by the year, our borders would be filled with lamentation and wailing. And yet no efforts are made to resist the inroads of an enemy who destroys entire soul and body, and we all with unthinking hilarity put to our lips, the poisonous cup which as it circulates round carries off yearly 15 hundred of our friends, neighbours and countrymen!

Why do not those facts electrify the nation, and drench the whole land in tears! we shudder at the imminent danger of those places which lie at the foot of volcanic mountains, or that are visited with earthquakes; alas, all the volcanoes and earthquakes that have ever consumed and swallowed up towns, and cities, have not destroyed one tenth part the number of lives, or almost wealth as this one evil. The crimes and cruelties of the French Revolution filled the world with horror and awaked the nations of the earth to a sense of danger, but a destruction of a hundred fold more direful character, but just begins to excite a salutary fear in some parts of our land. The evils of the slave trade are beyond description, but they have no comparison to this destruction that walketh in darkness and wasteth at noon-day.

If such tremendous results, as we have just glanced at, follow in the train of intemperance, self respect, self-interest and patriotism, should prompt to entire abstinence. The commencement of indulgence in this vice is like the letting out of water. There is no security but in shutting down the gate wholly and forever.

Facts enable us to trace more than three fourths of all the crimes punished by our laws, to this vice. Nor is this vice responsible for a less proportion of our pauperism. The intelligent superintendant of the Albany poor-house has stated, but for the use of strong drinks, this establishment would be tenantless.

It is stated on good authority, that out of 992 adults, received into the alms-house in the city of Baltimore,

the last year, 944 were ascertained to be habitual drunkards.

"In the County of Cumberland, Pennsylvania, of 50 paupers, 48 were made such by intemperance. And in the County of Oneida, New York, out of 253 paupers, 247 were made such in the same way."

"According to a report of the superintendents of the Washington County, (N. Y.) poor-house, out of 322 persons received into that establishment since its commencement, 290 were sent there in consequence their own intemperance or that of others."

"According to a statement made by Colonel Hamilton, nineteen-twentieths of the inmates of the Montgomery County, (N. Y.) poor-house, owe their situation to intemperance."

"And the Solicitor General, at the sitting of the supreme court, in the County of Hamden, Massachusetts, remarked, that he found but one indictment for crime in the County of Worcester; but one in the County of Hampshire; and but three in the County of Hampden; and that in all parts of the State, the indictments for crimes had surprisingly diminished within two years. And he could ascribe this change in favour of virtue and good order, to no other cause than the influence of Temperance Societies, and the great change, which they had been the means of effecting with regard to the use of strong drink."

"The keeper of the Ogdenburgh, N Y. jail, states, that seven-eighths of the criminals, and three-fourths of the debtors, imprisoned there, are intemperate persons."

"Of the first 690 children sent to the New-York house of refuge, after its establishment, 601 were known to be children of intemperate parents."

"The Sheriff of Washington County, Pa. stated last year, that of twenty-four committals, twenty-one were caused by intemperance."

"In Stockfield County, Ct. the proportion of criminals who are intemperate, is twenty-five out of twenty-nine,"

It is acknowledged, that three-fourths of all the

pauperism in our country, four-fifths of all aggravated crimes, one half of all madness, one half of all sudden deaths, and one fourth of all deaths in persons above twenty years of age, are caused by spirituous liquors.

Shall benevolence and patriotism sleep on with such exterminating ruin around them? If an epidemic disease appears in a street of one of our large towns, or aboard a single vessel; if a single case of hydrophobia is recorded by any of our public Journals, what trepidation throughout the land, what horror of the evil, what multiplied proposals of remedy! And yet what is one, or what are both those scourges, in their wildest and most unsparing havoc, in comparison with intemperance.

The poison is not in the paint.—Some few months since, two men, painters by occupation, were laboring together; the one drank ardent spirits, and the other not using it at all. When pay day came, the one who used ardent spirit, felt not a little chagrined, that he had not so much money due him, as his companion; for a deduction was to be made from his earnings, of the amount he had drawn for ardent spirit. "Why," said he to his companion, "why is it, that you have more money than I do?" "The reason is very plain," replied the other, "you use ardent spirit, and I do not." "But I cannot work without it," said the spirit drinker, "my master always told me the poison from the paint would kill me, unless I used a little liquor; and I have always found that if I worked a day without it, I had a violent pain in my breast. I should die if I did not use liquor." This conversation occurred on a Saturday evening, as the men were leaving their work. On Monday they both returned to their employment, and without apprising his companion, the man who had always used ardent spirit, concluded to try abstinence one day. He did so, and as they were about leaving work at night, he said to the other, "James, I am not dead;" and then adding, "I have lived without liquor one day, and I will now try to live without it a week." He did

so, and at the end of it, signed the pledge of total abstinence with this remark: "I find that it was not the paint which gave me such feelings in my chest; it was the spirit I drank. *The poison was not in the paint, but in the rum.*"—*Tem. Rec.*

LIST OF TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

Pennsylvania State Society.

President, Roberts Vaux.—Secretary, David M. Clure.

Philadelphia County Society.

President, Walter R. Johnston.—Sec. A. A. Anderson.

Young Men's Society.

President, James Bryan.—Sec. Thomas M. Devitt.

North Mulberry Ward Society.

President, Leonard Jewell.—Sec. S. Murphey.

South Mulberry Ward Society.

President, F. W. Porter.—Sec. B. Wells.

North Ward Society.

President, S. Allen.—Sec. A. Symington.

Middle Ward Society.

President, John Harned.—Sec. John C. Cap.

South Ward Society.

President, Charles Pierce.—Sec. E. Townsend.

Cedar Ward Society.

President, James Glasgow.—Sec. Robert E. Johnston.

Upper Delaware Ward Society.

President, Joseph S. Riley.—Sec. Wm. D. Baker.

Lower Delaware Ward Society.

President, F. Erringer.—Sec. ——— Thompson.

High Street Ward Society.

President, Thomas P. Cope.—Sec. James Rowland.

Walnut Ward Society.

President, ——— Evans.—Sec. ——— Martin.

Dock Ward Society.

President, J. R. Ingersol.—Sec. E. D. Tarr.

Pine Ward Society.

President, P. S. Physick.—Sec. J. M. Artsen.

New Market Ward Society.

President, P. C. Shermer.—Sec. E. King.

Southwark Society.

President, D. F. Condie.—Sec. B. N. Lewis.

Penn Township Society.

President, J. S. Spencer.—Sec. — Mitchell.

Northern Liberties Society.

President, Benj. Naglee.—Sec. Benj. Thomas.

Germantown Society.

President, Jacob Clemens.—Sec. Jacob C. Duy.

Dyottville Society.

President, A. Owen.—Sec. Francis Scoffin.

Female Society of Southwark.

President, Mrs. J. J. Oliver.—Sec. Miss Parthenia Porter.

The Fate of Rum sellers.—The Temperance Society of Middlesex county, Conn. took special pains last year to ascertain the number of tavern keepers in the county, in the last twenty years, who had prospered in their business, the number who had failed in business, the number who had become intemperate, and the number who have had intemperate children. Reports from about half the towns in the county, show that of 157 tavern keepers, in the last twenty years 40 prospered in their business; 47 failed in property; 57, considerably more than one third, became intemperate, and 27 had drunkards among their children. This is to be ascribed entirely to the manner in which the business has been heretofore conducted. Let rum be banished from the bar, and the next twenty years will show a very different result.—*N. Y. Obs.*

A Tipler cured.—The following is extracted from the biography of the late Robert Hall, an eminent minister of the gospel:

“You remember Mr. ———, Sir,” “Yes, very well.” “Were you aware for his fondness for brandy and water?” “No,” “It was a sad habit; but it grew out of his love for story telling; and that, also, is a very bad habit, for a minister of the gospel. As he grew old, his animal spirits flagged, and his stories became defective in vivacity; he therefore, took to brandy and water weak enough, it is true, at first, but soon nearly

half-and-half.' Ere long he indulged the habit in a morning: and when he came to Cambridge he would call on me, and, before he had been with me five minutes, ask for a little brandy and water, which was of course, to give him artificial spirits to render him agreeable in his visits to others. I felt great difficulty; for he you know, Sir, was much older than I was; yet, being persuaded that the ruin of his character, if not of his peace, was inevitable unless something was done, I resolved upon one strong effort for his rescue. So the next time that he called, and, as usual, said—"Friend Hall, I will thank you for a glass of brandy and water," I replied—"Call things by their right names, and you shall have as much as you please." 'Why don't I employ the right name? I ask for a glass of brandy and water.'" "That is the current, but not the appropriate name; ask for a glass of liquid fire and distilled damnation, and you shall have a gallon." Poor man! he turned pale, and for a moment seemed struggling with anger. But knowing that I did not mean to insult him, he stretched out his hand and said—"Brother Hall, I thank you from the bottom of my heart.' From that time he ceased to take brandy and water."

Premature Old Age.—There is now in the Moyamensing Alms House a man of thirty years of age, the vital powers of whose system have been so exhausted by a licentious course of life, that a stranger would suppose him to be ninety years old. His frame is bent, his hair silvered, and his powers both mental and bodily have sunk into second childhood, such are the effects of vice. After a brief term of feverish excitement, he has sunk at an age when every energy should be expanded in the maturity of manhood, into a premature dotage, and drivels on to an early grave dogged by disease, infamy and wretchedness.—*Daily Intelligencer.*

A bad predicament, but a good end.—A correspondent of the Rochester Observer giving an account of a Temperance meeting in Mass., states the following occurrence,—While our *anti-pledge* friends who think very

well of the Society, but boast of being temperate enough without it, read it, we wish them to inquire, *who claim them*—

Gen —, a man of considerable note and influence, attended, and took occasion to express to the meeting his approbation of the efforts which were being made to promote Temperance; he liked every thing but the PLEDGE; *that* he thought was not necessary, but of hurtful tendency. As soon as he was seated, he was followed by a man who with some difficulty arose, and was able to stand only by holding himself up by something which stood near. This man said, he also approved of Temperance as much as the General, but he was of the General's mind, he did not like *the pledge*.

The General concluded he was getting into company not so much to his liking, and of which he was rather ashamed; and on the Constitution being presented for signatures, he was the first to enrol his name, and was quickly followed by about 40 others.

A Happy Town.—In Amesbury, Mass., there are upwards of 2,000 inhabitants—two taverns, and 14 stores—and not a single gallon of ardent spirits of any kind whatever! Verily they must be a prosperous and happy people!—*Eastern paper.*

Signing the Pledge.—‘But,’ says one, ‘I do not like this giving of pledges.’ Why should any man be afraid to pledge himself to do right? *Is* this the only cause in which men must form no determinations? Who thinks the worse of the men who signed the Declaration of Independence, because to support their righteous cause, they dared to ‘pledge their lives their fortunes, and their sacred honor?’ Who then was afraid of pledges? Who does not know with what mournful interest the country recently heard, that the ‘last of the *signers*’ was gone?

A christian too! and afraid to give a pledge in a holy cause! What then meant the solemn vows which you took upon yourself before men and angels, when in these sacred courts you *did pledge* yourself forever to the service of the Lord? You are already enlisted for

life. You cannot but know this to be the cause of God ; and fight you must, or be guilty of treason to the great Captain of your Salvation.—*Hull's Address.*

Extract from Professor W. R. Johnston's address, at the annual meeting of the P. C. T. S.

What then is the nature of alcohol and in what manner and proportions does it exist in the stimulating fluids? Is it fitted to supply our bodies with any principle of nourishment. When resolved into its elements, it is found to consist of about 52 parts of carbon, 35 of oxygen and 13 of hydrogen. From this statement alone we might infer that it could have no salutary influence on the system, since if taken up into the circulation, it must necessarily supply the blood with an excess of that ingredient which it is the office of respiration to discharge through the action of our lungs. So far is it then from furnishing nutriment that it contains decidedly pernicious principles, which, when taken in other forms are found extremely destructive to life. But fortunately we are not left to conjecture or to mere inference in regard to the poisonous qualities and destructive power of alcohol. Experiments conducted with great care and precision by Brodie and Montana, have placed the matter beyond all doubt. A single ounce of alcohol will destroy one of the smaller animals, as a dog, or a rabbit, in the course of a single hour, and men themselves have been known to swallow enough of raw spirits to bring on immediate suspension of nervous action and to cause death in a very few hours. It has been asserted that of opium and alcohol respectively, if doses sufficient to produce death be administered, to any animal, the latter is more sudden in accomplishing its work than the former. Alcohol is believed to produce its effects upon the *brain* and *nerves*, deranging their functions without materially affecting the heart and lungs, and the same is true of several other species of poison.

The late Dr. *Rush* gives a faithful description of the effects of strong drink upon the body and mind of man, and upon his condition in society. Its effects upon the

body are tremors in the hand, sickness, and nausea, indigestion, belching, hiccup, red eyes and nose, carbuncles over the whole face, foetid breath, hoarseness, cough, sore and swelled legs, pains in the limbs, burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, jaundice, dropsy, loss of memory and self respect, palsy, apoplexy, madness and death.

Its effects upon the mind are idleness, peevishness, quarrelling, scolding, obscene conversation, &c.; and it often leads to adultery, gaming, lying, cursing, blaspheming, swearing, pilfering, stealing, perjury, picking pockets, house breaking, assaults on the highway, and murder. Intemperance is followed by poverty, debt, and detestation by family and friends; it carries its victims to the hospital and jail, and oftentimes to the gallows. What an awful catalogue!

Temperance in Connecticut.—We learn from the 4th report of the Connecticut Temperance Society, that there has been an accession of new members in that state, during the past year, of 14,746, making the whole number pledged to the total abstinence from ardent spirits, at the present time, (exclusive of a considerable number belonging to societies not connected with the State society,) 56,765, which is equivalent nearly to one-fifth part of the whole population, and of one third part of the inhabitants over 16 years of age. No State in the Union can beat this.—*N. Y. Obs.*

Extract of a letter from an Agent to the Editor.

“I have quit chewing tobacco, and will now have some charity for drunkards; for it is very hard to quit a bad habit which has been long indulged.

“A man by the name of ——— informed me, that he had at one time drank a quart of liquor a day, which cost him at the tavern 12½ cents. He worked very hard every day and could not support his family. He joined the Temperance Society, and has now a bed for each of his children and himself, plenty to eat and wear, and enjoys much better health than formerly.”—*Tem. Advocate.*

COURTS IN NEW JERSEY.

United States' Circuit Court,

Is held at Trenton, for the New Jersey Circuit, on the 1st of April and 1st of October, in each year.

United States' District Court,

Is held at New Brunswick, the 2d Tuesdays of March and September. At Burlington, the 3d Tuesdays of May and November.

State Courts.

The Court of Errors and Appeals, is held at Trenton, the 1st Tuesdays in November and third May.

The Court of Chancery is held at Trenton, on the 3d Tuesday in January, 1st in April, 2d in July, and 2d in October.

The Supreme Court is held at Trenton on the last Tuesday in February, 2d in May, 1st in September, and 2d in November.

Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, are held in Cape May once, and in the other counties twice a year. The Courts of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, are held in the several counties as in the following table, commencing on Tuesdays:

<i>Counties. Circuits & Oyer & Ter.</i>	<i>Com. Pleas, Orphans' Ct. & Q. Sec</i>
Bergen, 4 March, 4 Oct.	4 Jan. 4 March, 2 June, 4 Oct.
Essex, 2 April, 3 Sept.	1 Jan. 2 April, 4 June, 3 Sept.
Sussex, 4 May, 4 Nov.	last Ja. 4 May, 3 Aug. 4 Nov.
Morris, 3 March, 4 Sept.	3 Dec. 3 M'ch, 1 July, 4 Sept.
Hunterdon, 1 May, 4 Oct.	1 Feb. 1 May, 1 Aug. 4 Oct.
Somerset, 3 April, 1 Oct.	1 Jan. 3 April, 3 June, 1 Oct.
Middlesex, 2 June, 2 Dec.	2 M'ch, 2 June, 2 Sept. 2 Dec.
Monmouth, 4 April, 3 Oct.	4 Jan. 4 April, 4 July, 3 Oct.
Burlington, 4 May, 1 Nov.	2 Feb. 4 May, 2 Aug. 1 Nov.
Gloucester, 3 March, 1 Oct.	2 Dec. 3 March, 3 June, 1 Oct.
Salem, 2 June, 1 Dec.	1 M'ch, 2 June, 3 Sep. 1 Dec.
Cumberland, 1 June, last Nov.	3 Feb. 1 June, 4 Sep. last Nov
Cape May, last in May.	1 Feb. last May, 1 Aug. 4 Oct.
Warren, 1 June, and first Tuesday after the 4th in November.	2 Feb. 1 June, 4 August, and first Tuesday after the 4th in November.

Places and time of holding the Supreme, District, and Circuit Courts for the middle States.

SUPREME COURTS.

The Supreme Court of the United States must be holden at the city of Washington, and have one session every year, to commence on the first Monday in February.

DISTRICT COURTS.

For New York, to be holden at the city of New York, for the southern district, on the first Tuesday of November, 1789, and three other sessions on the first Tuesday of every third calendar

month, in each year thereafter; and for the northern district at Albany, on the last Tuesday of January; and at Utica on the last Tuesday of August.

For the eastern district of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, on the third Mondays in February, May, August, and November, annually; and for the western district, at Pittsburg, on the first Monday of May, and second Monday of October, annually.

For Delaware, at New Castle and Dover, alternately, on the fourth Tuesday of November, 1789, and three others sessions, progressively, on the fourth Tuesday of every third calendar month thereafter.

For Maryland, at Baltimore, on the first Tuesday of December, 1789, and progressively, on the first Tuesday of every third calendar month thereafter.

For the eastern district of Virginia, at Richmond, on the 2d day of April, and 15th day of October; and at Norfolk, on the first day of May and first day of November, annually; and for the western district at Wythe court-house, on the first Mondays of April and September; at Lewisburgh, on the Fridays succeeding the first Mondays of April and September; and at Clarksburg, on the fourth Mondays of May and October, annually.

CIRCUIT COURTS.

In the district of New York, at New York, on the first of April, and the first of September, annually.

In the district of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, on the 11th of April, and the 11th of October, annually.

In the district of Delaware, at New Castle and Dover, alternately, on the third of June, and the twenty-seventh of October, annually.

In the district of Maryland, at the city of Baltimore, on the 1st of May, and the 7th of November, annually.

In the district of Virginia, at Richmond, on the twenty-second day of May, and the twenty-second day of November, annually.

COURTS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

First District.—Philadelphia County.

On the first Monday in March, June, and December, and third Monday in September. No limitation to the terms.

Second District.—York and Lancaster.

In York, on the first Mondays in January, April, August, and November, to continue two weeks. Lancaster on the second Monday after the commencement of the courts in York.

Third District.—Berks, Northampton and Lehigh.

Berks, on the first Mondays in January, April, August, and November, two weeks. Northampton, second Mondays after the commencement of courts in Berks, two weeks. Lehigh, on the Mondays after the courts in Northampton, two weeks.

Fourth District.—Huntingdon, Mifflin, Centre, and Clearfield.

Huntingdon, on the second Mondays of January, April, August, and November. Mifflin, on the third Mondays of the same months. Centre, on the fourth Mondays of the same months. Clearfield, next Mondays following the courts in Centre.

Fifth District.—Butler, Beaver and Alleghany.

Butler, on the first Mondays in January, April, July and October. Beaver, on the second Mondays of January and April, and fourth Mondays of August and October. Alleghany, third Mondays in January and April, and first Mondays in August and November, without limitation in Alleghany.

Sixth District.—Venango, Mercer, Crawford, Erie, and Warren.

Erie, on first Mondays of August, November, February and May. Crawford, on first Monday after Erie. Mercer, on second Monday after Courts in Erie. Venango, on the third Monday after Erie. Warren, first Monday after Venango.

Seventh District.—Montgomery and Bucks.

Montgomery, on the third Mondays in August, November and January, and second Monday in April. Bucks, fourth Monday in April, and second Monday in September, December, and February.

Eighth District.—Columbia, Northumberland, Lycoming, and Union.

Columbia, on the first Mondays of January, April, August, and November. Northumberland, second Mondays after the commencement of the courts in Columbia. Lycoming, on the second Mondays after the commencement of the courts in Northumberland. Union, on the second Mondays after the commencement of the courts in Lycoming.

Ninth District.—Perry, Cumberland and Adams.

Perry, on the first Monday in January, April, August and November. Cumberland, on the second Mondays of the same months, two weeks. Adams, on the fourth Mondays of the same months, two weeks.
Tenth District.—Westmoreland, Armstrong, Indiana and Cambria.

Westmoreland, on the Mondays preceding the courts in Somerset county. Armstrong, on the third Mondays in March, June, September and December. Indiana, on the Mondays following the courts in Armstrong. Cambria, on the Mondays following the courts in Indiana.

Eleventh District.—Luzerne, Pike, and Wayne.

Luzerne, on the first Mondays of January, April, August, and November, one week. Pike, on the Tuesday following the third Mondays of the same months, one week. Wayne, on the fourth Mondays of the same months, one week.

Twelfth District.—Schuylkill, Lebanon and Dauphin.

Schuylkill, on the last Mondays of March, July, October, and December. Lebanon, on the first Monday after the courts in Schuylkill. Dauphin, on the third Monday in January, April, August, and November, two weeks.

Thirteenth District.—Susquehanna, Bradford, and Tioga.

Tioga, on the second Mondays of January, April, August, and November. Bradford, on the Mondays next after Tioga. Susquehanna, on the Mondays next after Bradford.

Fourteenth District.—Fayette, Green and Washington.

Fayette, on the first Mondays of January, March, and June, and fourth Monday in October, one week. Green, on the third Monday in March, June, and December, and second Monday in September. Washington, on the Mondays next following those of Green, excepting the term heretofore held in September, is to be held the first Monday in October.

Fifteenth District.—Delaware and Chester.

Delaware, on the third Mondays in January and

October, second Monday in April, and fourth Monday in July, two weeks. Chester, on the second Monday after the commencement of the courts in Delaware, two weeks.

Sixteenth District.—Franklin, Bradford, and Somerset.

Franklin, on the second Mondays of January, April, August, and November, two weeks. Bradford, on the fourth Mondays in January, April, August, and November, one week. Somerset, on the Mondays following those of Bradford, one week.

DISTRICT COURTS.

District Court of the city and county of Philadelphia on the first Monday in March, June, September and December, to sit nine months in each year.

Lancaster, first Monday of February, second Monday of June, first Mondays of September and December.

Dauphin, on the third Mondays of February and December, fourth Monday in May, and the first Monday after the second Tuesday in October.

Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, are held twice in each year for the City and County of Philadelphia, alternately, by the Judges of the Common Pleas, and the Judges of the Supreme Court. In the other Districts they are held by the Judges of the Common Pleas. Trials of civil causes in the Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, are had at adjourned Courts, held four times in the year as the Judges may appoint.

THE ORPHAN'S COURT of Philadelphia County, is held the third Friday in each month.

The MAYOR'S COURT for the city of Philadelphia.

This Court holds four sessions a year—on the first Monday in September, and on the third Mondays in December, March, and June. The Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen preside.

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